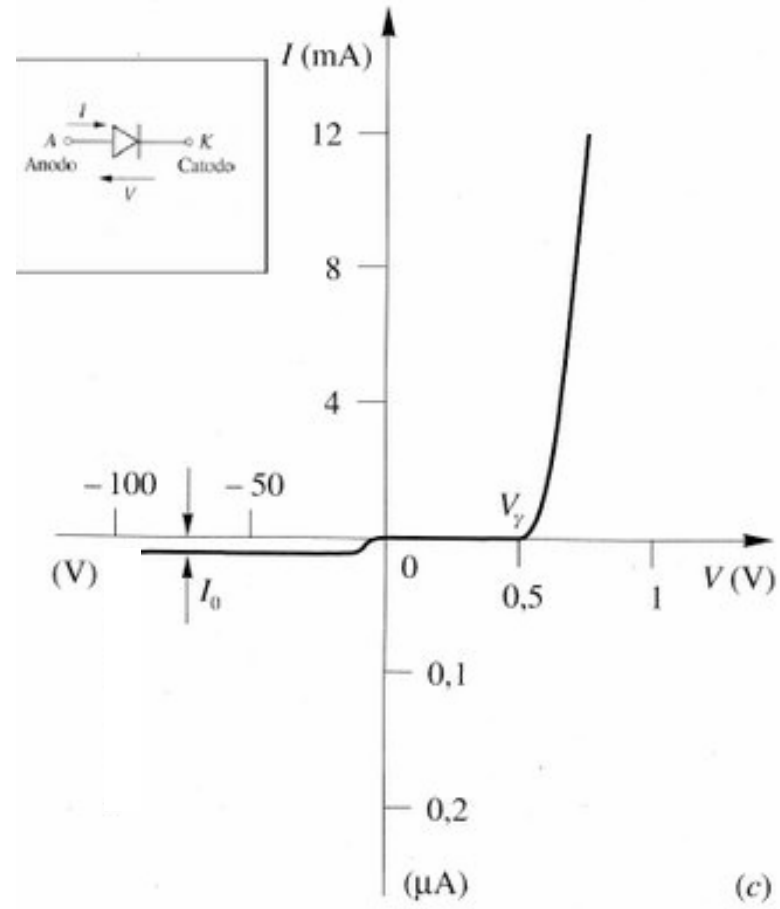
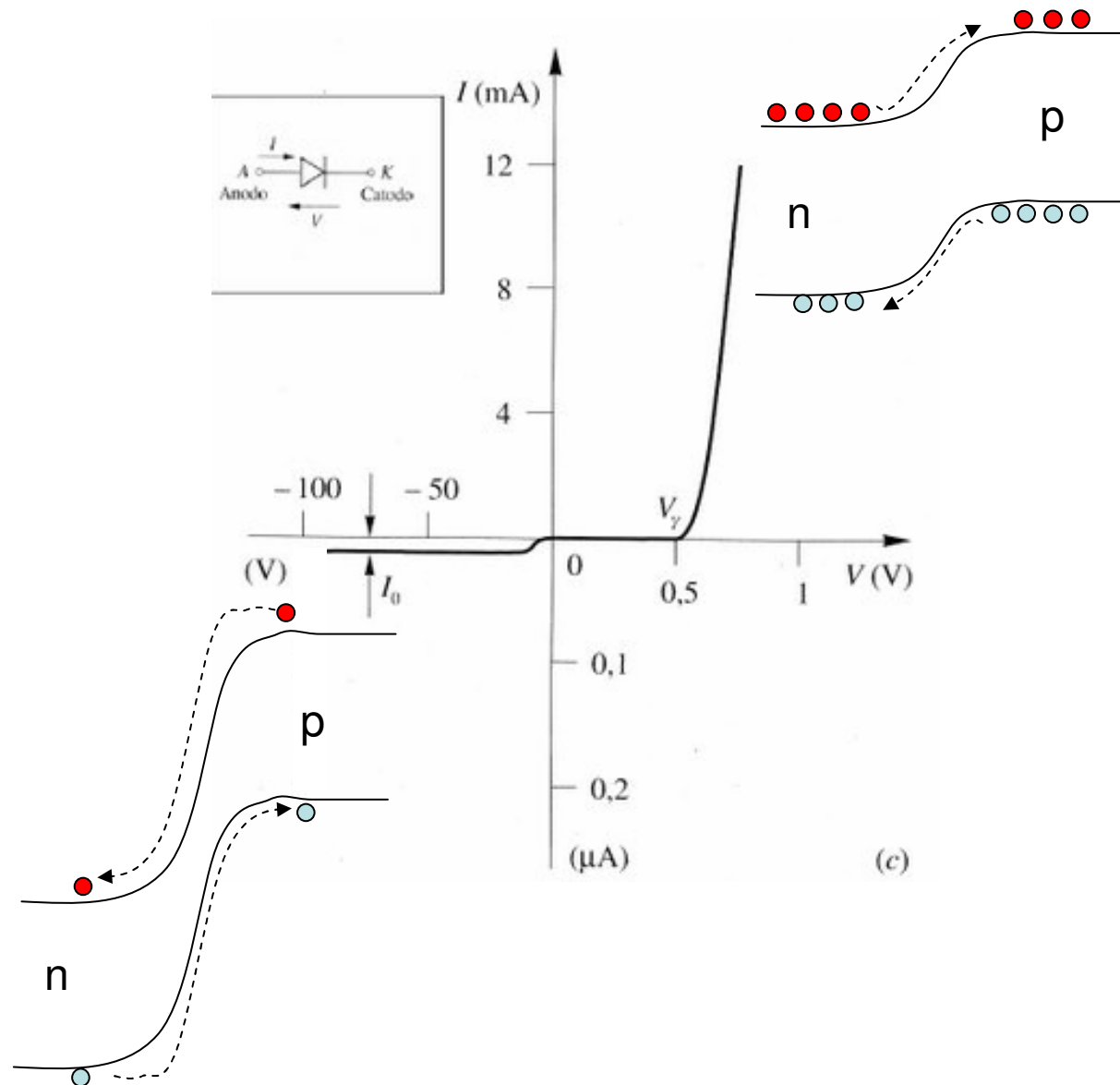


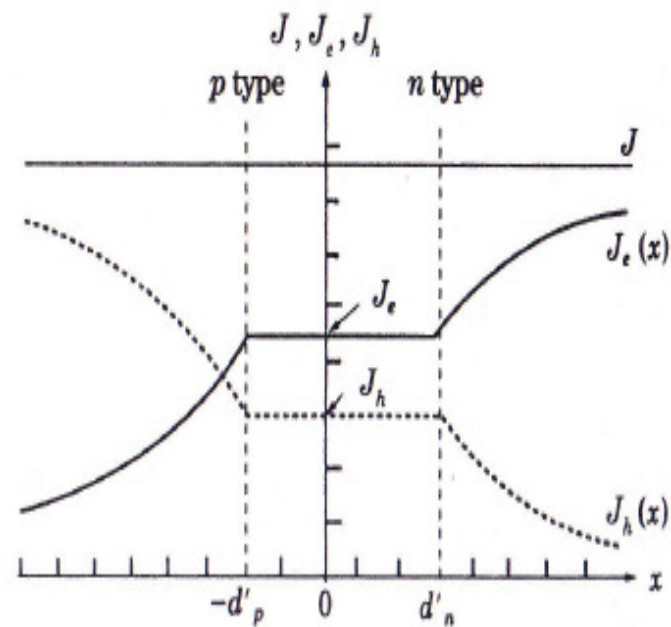
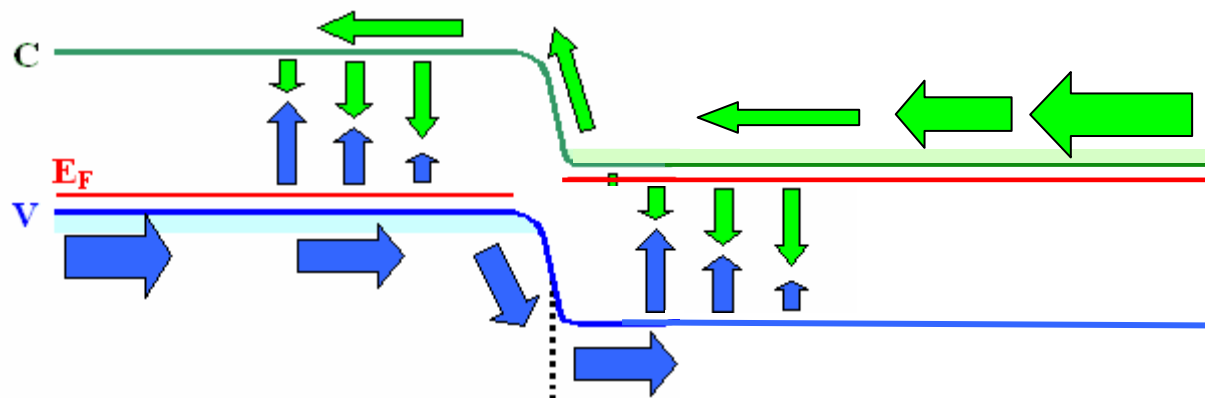
Giunzione np



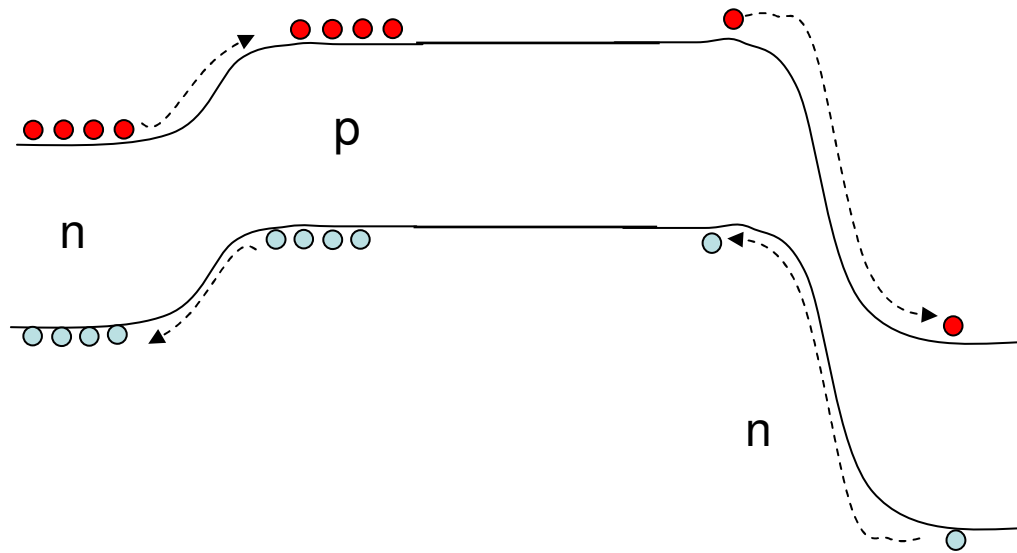
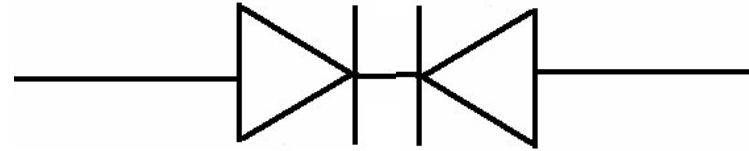
Giunzione np



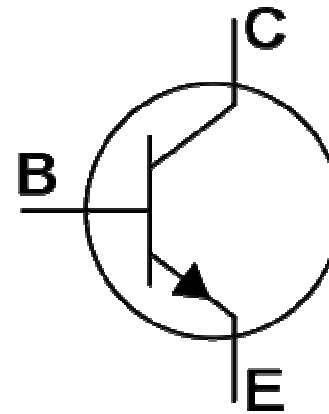
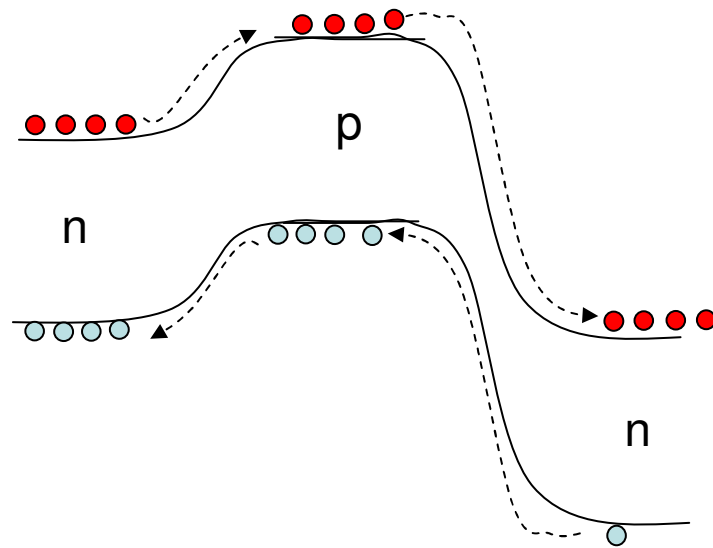
Corrente giunzione pn



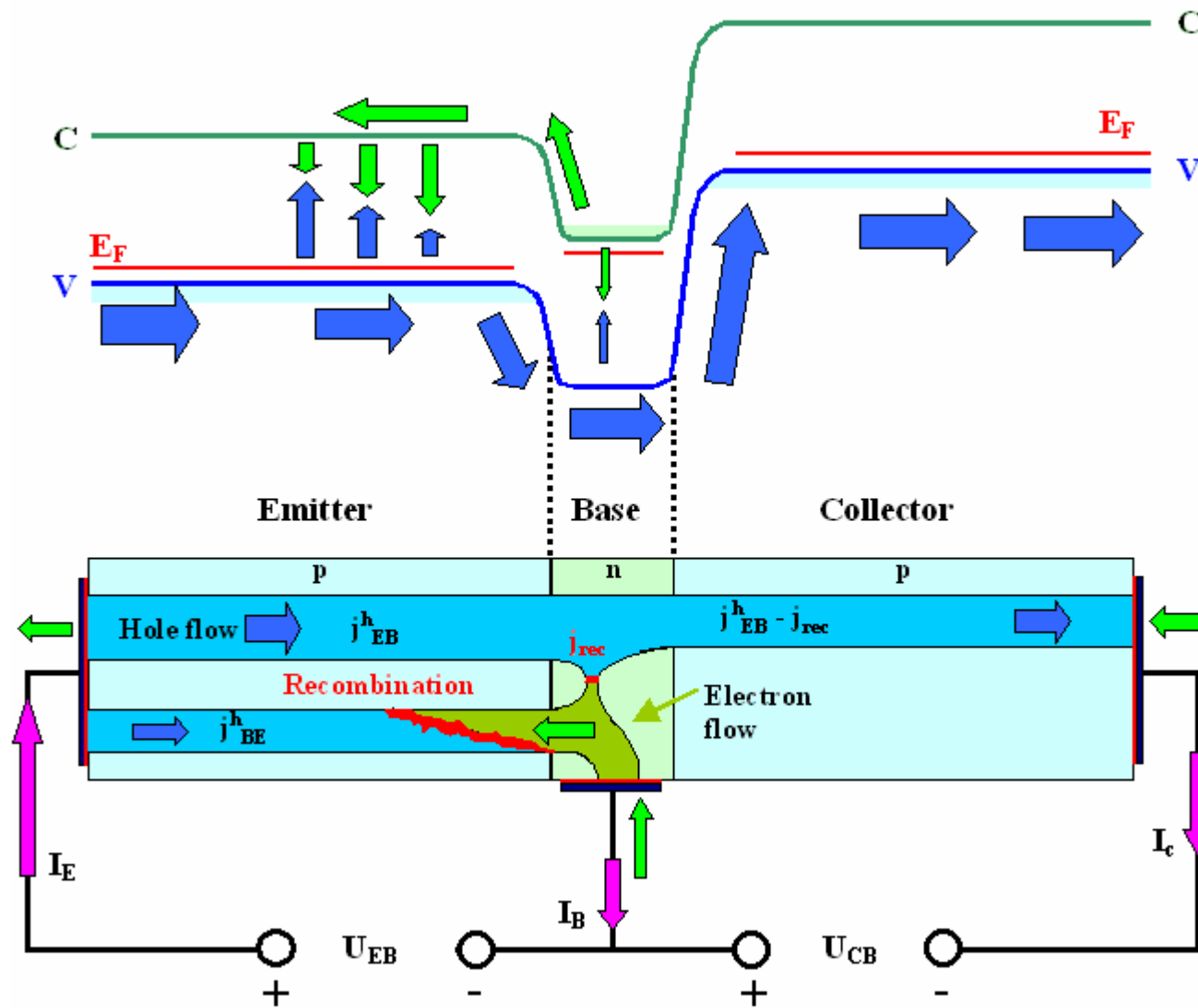
Due giunzioni separate



Due giunzioni vicine

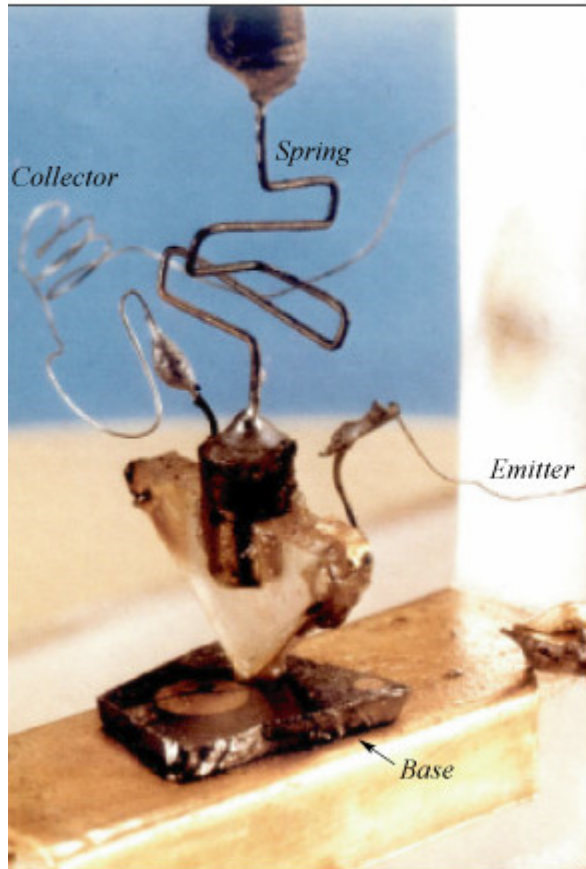


Transistor

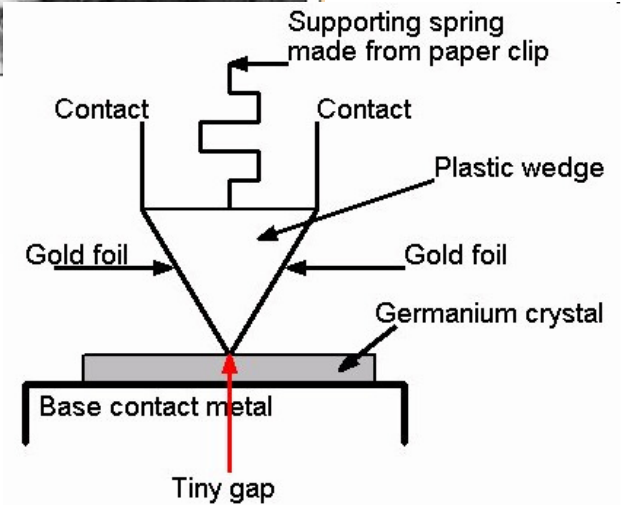
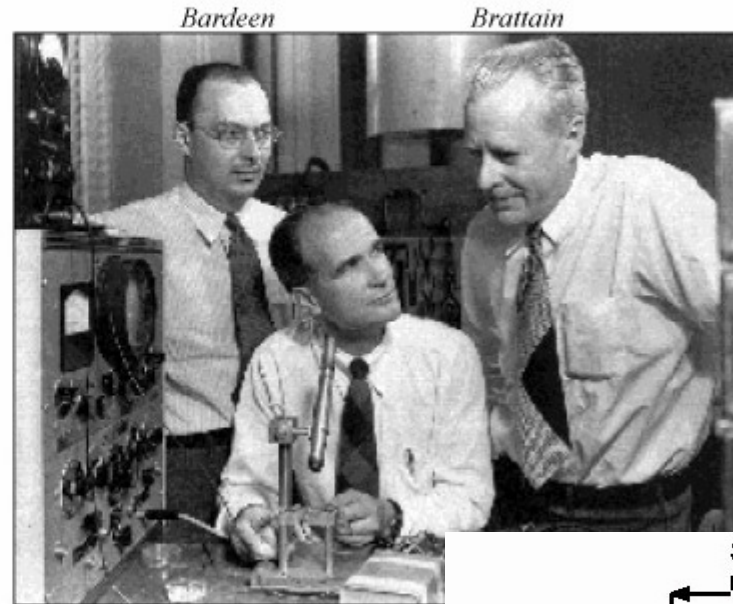


The first point contact transistor

William Shockley, John Bardeen, and Walter Brattain
Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey (1947)

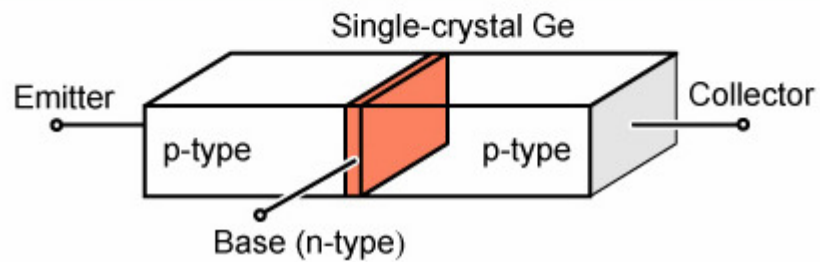
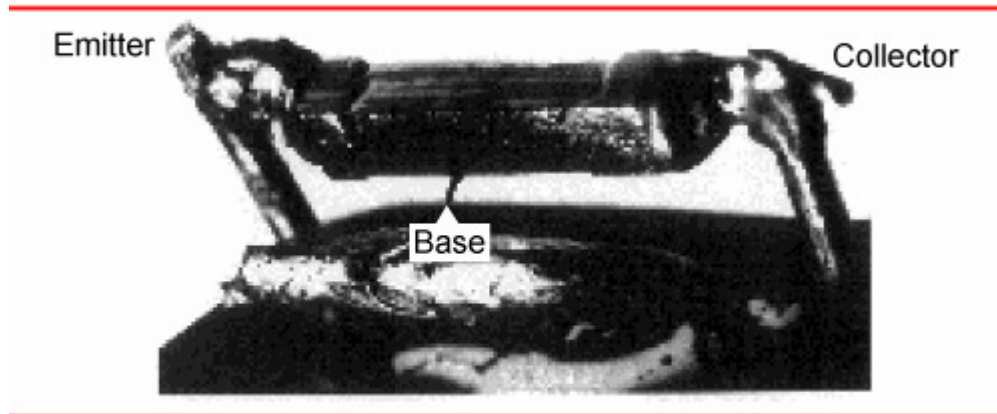


Nobel 1956



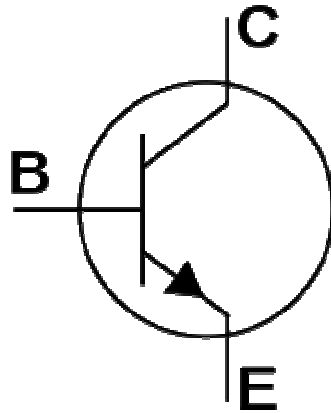
The First Junction Transistor

First transistor with diffused pn junctions by William Shockley
Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, New Jersey (1949)

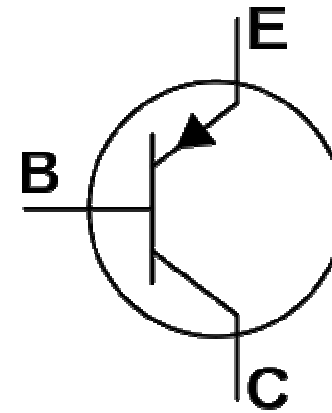


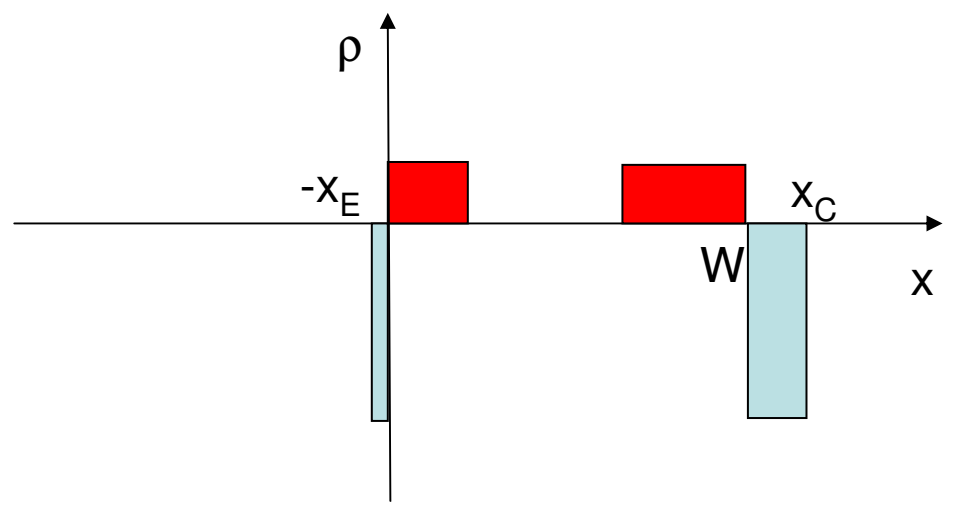
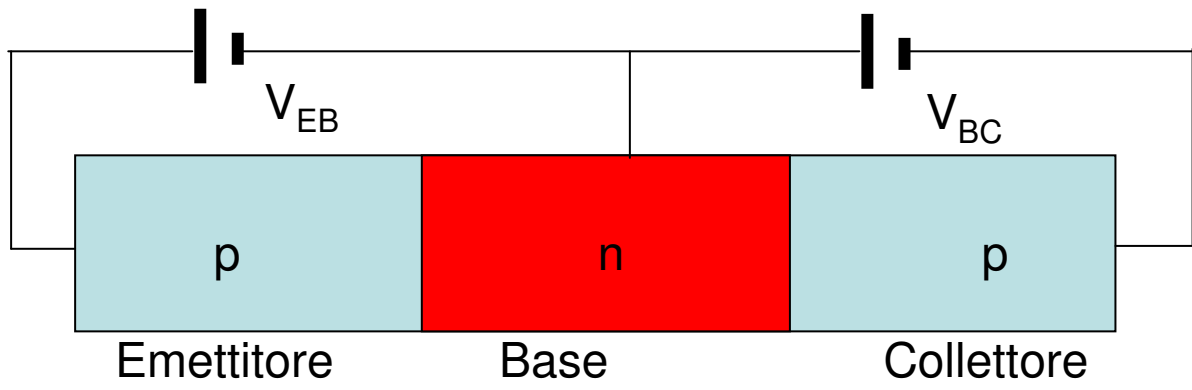
Transistor

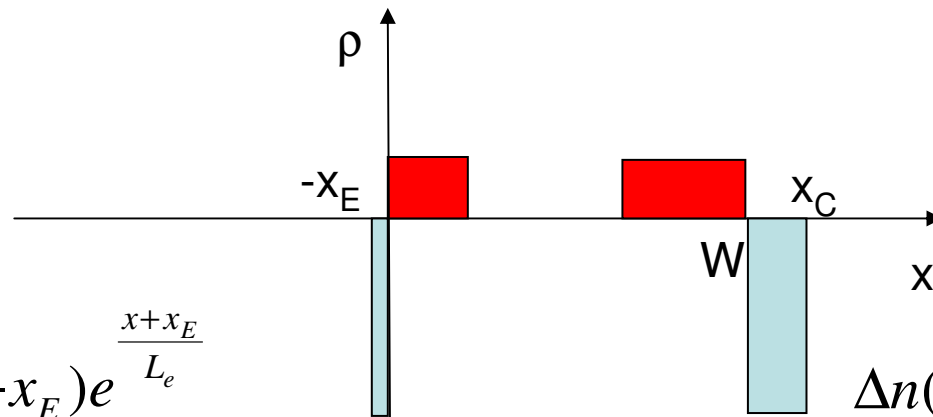
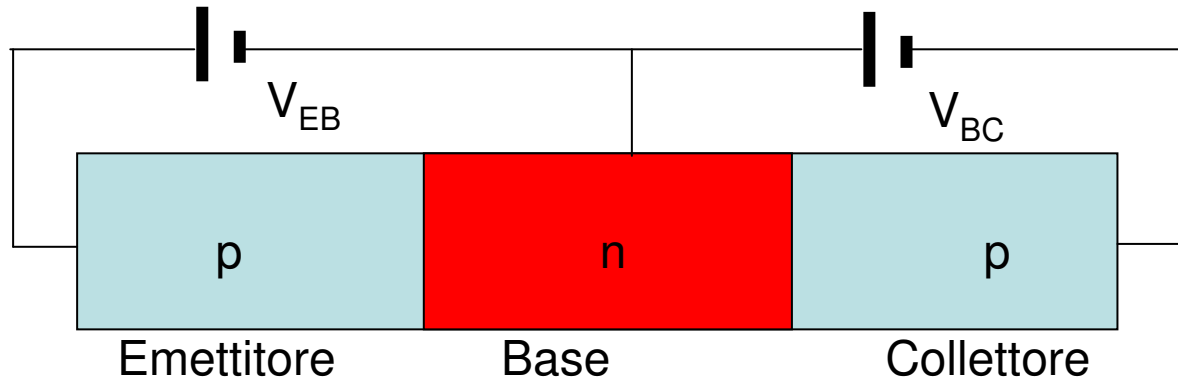
NPN



PNP





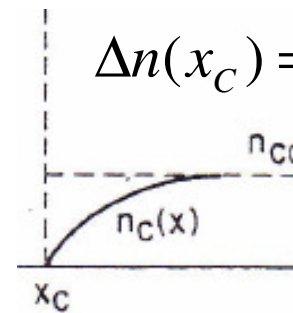
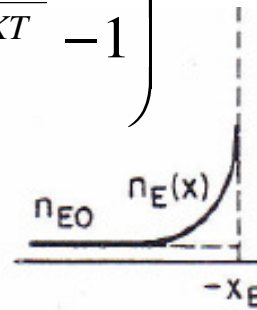


$$\Delta n(x) = \Delta n(-x_E) e^{\frac{x+x_E}{L_e}}$$

$$\Delta n(x) = \Delta n(x_C) e^{-\frac{x-x_C}{L_e}}$$

$$\Delta n(-x_E) = n_{E,0} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{EB}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$$

$$\Delta n(x_C) = n_{C,0} \left(e^{\frac{qV_{BC}}{KT}} - 1 \right)$$



EMITTER

COLLECTOR

Lacune nella base

$$\Delta p(x) = \frac{p_{B,0}}{\sinh\left(\frac{W}{L_h}\right)} \left[\left(e^{\frac{qV_{BE}}{KT}} - 1 \right) \sinh\left(\frac{W-x}{L_h}\right) - \sinh\left(\frac{x}{L_h}\right) \right]$$

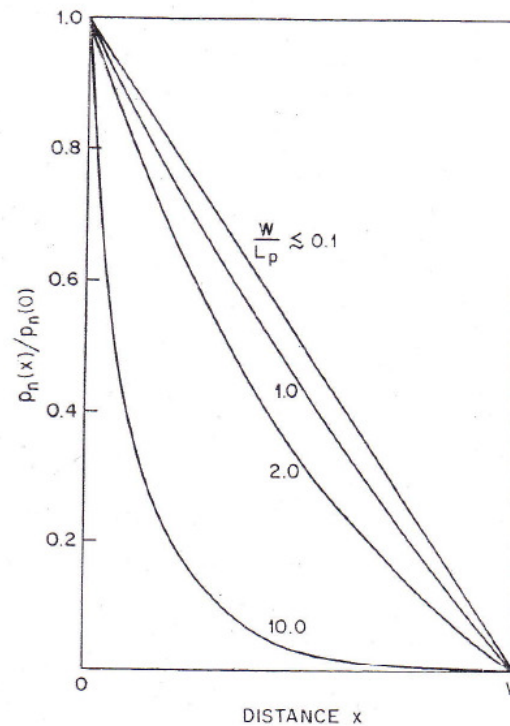


Fig. 6 Minority carrier distribution in the base region for different values of W/L_p . For $W/L_p \lesssim 0.1$, the distribution approaches a straight line.

Distribuzione portatori minoritari

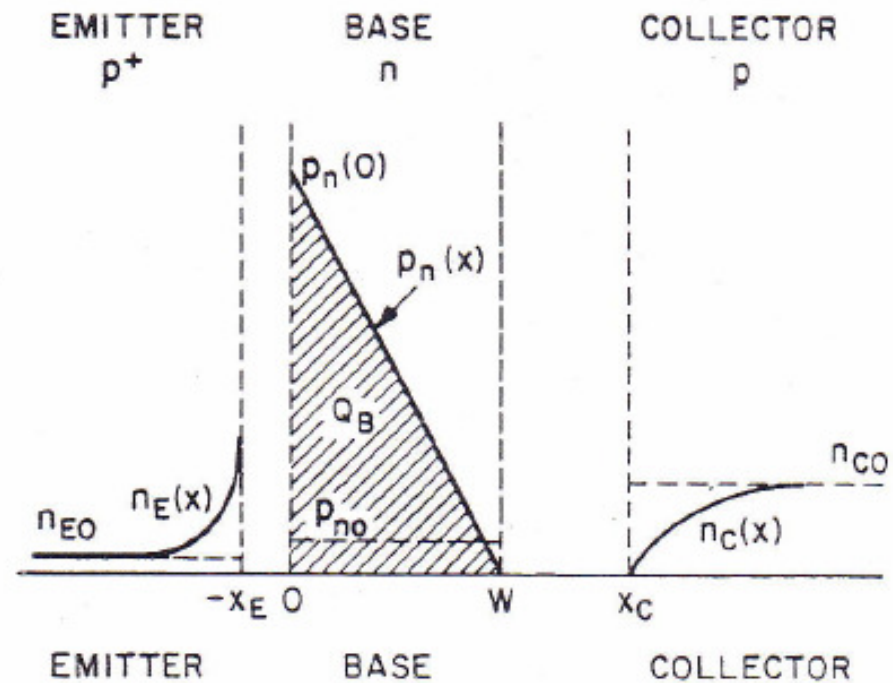
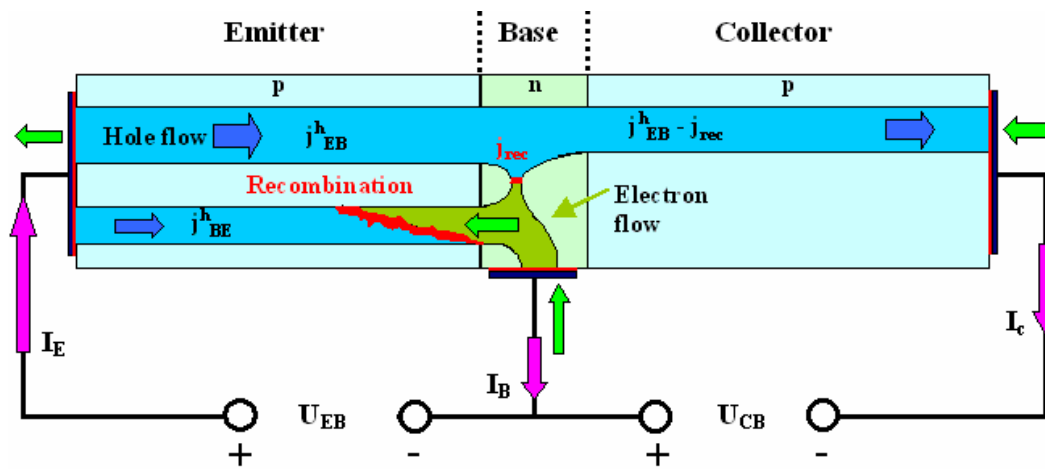


Fig. 7 Minority carrier distributions in various regions of a p-n-p transistor under active mode of operation.

Parametri



$$\gamma = \frac{I_{E,p}}{I_{E,p} + I_{E,n}}$$

Efficienza di emettitore

$$\alpha_T = \frac{I_{C,p}}{I_{E,p}}$$

Fattore trasporto nella base

$$\alpha_0 = \frac{I_{C,p}}{I_{E,p} + I_{E,n}} = \gamma \alpha_T$$

Guadagno a base comune

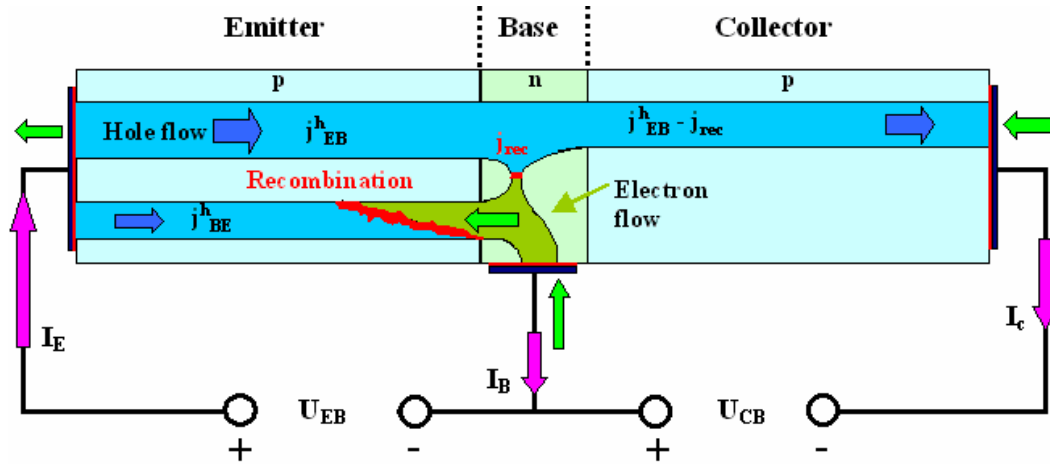
Parametri

$$\gamma = \frac{I_{E,p}}{I_{E,p} + I_{E,n}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{D_e}{D_h} \frac{W}{L_e} \frac{N_{D,B}}{N_{A,E}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1} \frac{5}{50} \frac{1}{100}} = 0.999$$

$$\alpha_T = \frac{I_{C,p}}{I_{E,p}} = 1 - \frac{W^2}{2L_h^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{10} \right)^2 = 0.995$$

$$\alpha_0 = \frac{I_{C,p}}{I_{E,p} + I_{E,n}} = \gamma \alpha_T = 0.994$$

Parametri



$$I_B = I_E - I_C = \left(\frac{1}{\alpha_0} - 1 \right) I_C = 0.006 I_C$$

$$I_C = \left(\frac{\alpha_0}{1 - \alpha_0} \right) I_B = \beta I_B = 166 I_B$$